

Transceiver

Quick Start Guide



What is in the box	3
What does it do	6
How to build a setup	7
Verification of the setup	11
Help and troubleshooting	12
Technical specifications	13
Declaration of conformity	15



Disclaimer

Every effort has been made to make this document as a complete and as accurate as possible, but no warranty of fitness is implied. The information is provided on an as-is basis. Riscure shall have neither liability nor responsibility to any person or entity with respect to any loss or damage arising from the information contained in this document.

The information contained in this document is subject to change without notice.

This tool must be used according to the user guide. Any operation related to maintenance, repair or calibration must be carried out by qualified personnel. Consequently, in case of failure, contact Riscure about the procedure to follow.

Copyright

Copyright (c) 2015-2017 Riscure BV. All rights reserved. No part of this document may be reproduced nor translated by any means without the written consent of Riscure.

Manufactured by

Riscure BV

Delftechpark 49, 2628 XJ Delft, The Netherlands Phone: +31 15 251 40 90, Fax: +31 15 251 40 99 Email: <u>inforequest@riscure.com</u> Web: www.riscure.com



What is in the box

The box contains the Transceiver and all accessories to connect it to a computer and an oscilloscope.

Box content checklist

Qty [1]	Description		Identifier [2]
1	Transceiver	THE REAL PROPERTY AND	TCV
1	12V DC Power Supply Unit, input 100 - 240 V, AC 50 - 60 Hz with country specific power cable.		PSU
1	Ethernet cable		
1	SFP+ to Ethernet adapter	The second second	
2	SMA (Plug) to BNC (Jack) adapter		
2	SMA (Plug) to SMB (Plug) adapter		



Qty [1]	Description		Identifier [2]
1	64 GB Flash Stick	Transceiver	
1	10dB attenuator	Mini-Circuits 15542 FW - 10 +	
1	20dB attenuator	15542 FW-20+	
1	SMB to SMB cable, 3 feet		
1	SMB to BNC cable, 3 feet		
1	USB 3.0 to Ethernet adapter		
-	This "Transceiver - Quick Start Guide"		

^[1] The amount or number, of registered items (quantity, Qty)

^[2] Identifier used in this document to refer to the item.





WARNING:

DO NOT reflash the Transceiver FPGA bitstream. Transceiver has been flashed with Riscure bitstream and functionality will be lost after reflashing with another bitstream.

Please contact <u>https://support.riscure.com</u> if Transceiver is not functional.



What does it do

The Transceiver is a professional, high-performance software defined radio (SDR) device for application in side-channel attacks on wireless communication systems.



Figure 1 Functional overview of Transceiver .

The Transceiver can be tuned to a specific frequency on range 10 MHz .. 6 GHz, and outputs the modulation energy of signals on that frequency. That energy can be recorded with a digital oscilloscope for performing an SPA/DPA in Inspector.

The input signal can come from an EM Probe, and the output signal can also be send to a pattern recognition product like the icWaves.



How to build a setup

Typical side-channel analysis setup

An EM Probe picks up the RF signal and feeds the Transceiver. The Transceiver extracts the modulation signal from a configured carrier frequency and feeds the icWaves. The icWaves triggers measurements after the occurrence of a trained modulation pattern, gated by a trigger from the embedded target.



Figure 2 Typical use of the Transceiver in a RF side-channel analysis setup.



Typical fault injection setup

An EM Probe picks up the RF signal from the target and feeds the Transceiver. The Transceiver extracts the modulation signal from a configured carrier frequency and feeds the icWaves. The icWaves conditionally triggers the VC Glitcher on trained modulation patterns. The VC Glitcher fires the laser with a configured energy level and burst pattern.



Figure 3 Typical use of the Transceiver in a fault injection setup.



How to set the Transceiver tuning frequency

The GNURadio application enables configuration of all Transceiver parameters.

- 1. Install the Virtual Linux machine containing GNURadio from the 64GB flash disk, following the installation guide document.
- 2. Connect the Transceiver with a LAN cable directly to the computer



ATTENTION

Intel Virtualization Technology (also known as Intel VT) must be enabled in the BIOS of your PC to run the Linux Virtual Machine successfully.

For users with AMD processor, AMD-V support must be enabled in the BIOS of your PC.

- 3. On the computer, start the supplied Linux virtual machine.
- 4. Click on the "Teminal" icon to launch the GNURadio.
- 5. Click the "Run" button to execute the default template.



- 6. In the toolbar, press the Run icon ('green triangle')
- 7. A tuning dialog opens showing the FFT Plot view and 3 main controls:
 - samp_rate
 - center_freq.



• gain



- Move the top slider, or enter a value, for the samp_rate in Samples/sec. This value defines the bandpass filter width in the Transceiver. Enter a value that is 2 x the highest modulation frequency of interest to you (Nyquist theorem)
- Move the bottom slider, or enter a value, for center_freq in Hz.
 This will tune the Transceiver to the specified carrier frequency.
 The FFT plot is instantly updated with the extracted energy of frequency components around this center frequency.
- 10. Fine-tune the Transceiver for best reception, by sliding the **center-freq** such that the peak of the carrier frequency occurs at position 0 MHz in the FFT plot.
- 11. The **gain** parameter can be used to tune the output signal amplitude.



Verification of the setup

Follow the next checks to verify a correct setup:

- 1. Is the Transceiver powered?
- 2. Is the Transceiver recognized?
- 3. Is the Transceiver responding to commands?

Please ensure that a check is successful, before going to the next one. If a check is not successful, refer to page 12 for solutions.

Check 1 - Is the Transceiver powered?

The Transceiver is powered when the LED in the PWR button is ON.

Check 2 - Is the Transceiver recognized?

- 1. Connect the Transceiver with a LAN cable directly to a computer.
- 2. Switch the Transceiver ON.
- 3. Set the host machine IP to 192.168.10.1, with subnet mask of 255.255.255.0
- 4. Open any terminal.
- 5. Type: ping 192.168.10.2

The Transceiver is reachable and recognized when ping reports low response time values (typically < 5 ms).

Check 3- Is the Transceiver responding to commands?

Preparation: Start the Linux virtual machine with the GnuRadio application.

- 1. Use the shortcut on the desktop to start GNURadio.
- 2. On the toolbar, press Run-icon.
- 3. Set samp_rate to 2M
- 4. Move the center_freq slider

If a clear peak can be found in the FFT Plot, then the Transceiver is working.



Help and troubleshooting

Common problems

i	The Output Signal is too weak	Configure the gain parameter with a higher value.
1	The Login Password to the Linux VM	Search for "password" in the document VirtualMachine_Installation_Guide.pdf. It can be found under the Documentation folder of the USB stick.

Still have questions?

Visit the Riscure Support Portal: <u>https://support.riscure.com</u>



Technical specifications

The Transceiver is a software customized version of the high-end Ettus Research USRP X310 product. For hardware specifications, refer to <u>Ettus X300/X310</u> <u>Specification Sheet</u>.

The Transceiver is configured with the GNURadio application, provided as a ready-to-run Linux virtual machine.

Operational conditions

Room temperature 20 – 30 °C, (68 – 86 °F).



Do not block the ventilation holes. A blocked air flow may cause malfunction or break down.



Maintain stable environmental conditions (temperature, humidity, airflow etc.) in order to reliably repeat tests and compare test results.

Power supply input

• 12 V DC, max 45 W.

Networking

- RJ45, LAN
- Fixed static IP-address, 192.168.10.2
- For direct connection to client computer.

Tuning characteristics

- Carrier frequency, software adjustable, 10 MHz .. 6000 MHz
- Filter bandwidth, software adjustable, 0.4 MHz .. 160 MHz



Product case

Dimensions L x W x H: 277 x 218 x 39 [mm], 8.661 x 6.673 x 1.363 [inch].



Port	Label	Description	
A1	RX2 – A	SMB. 50 Ω. Analog input.	
		Input for radio frequent signal	
A2	TX/RX - B	SMB. 50 Ω. Analog output	
		Output of AM demodulated signal	
C1	PWR	Power switch ON/OFF with built-in status LED.	
C2	power in	15 V DC Power supply input	
B1	ETH 0	RJ45 LAN connector, port 0 (1 Gbps).	
		Connection with computer for configuration tasks.	
		(Remove the yellow-edged SFP-to-RJ45 adapter).	
		NOTE: You cannot use the ETH 1 (10 Gbps) port.	

[



Declaration of conformity

EC-DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Suppliers Details

Name	
Riscure B.V.	
Address	
Frontier Building, Delftechpark 49, 2628 XJ Delft, The	Netherlands
Product Details	
Product Name	
Inspector	
Model Name(s)	
Transceiver	
Trade Name	
Riscure	
Applicable Standards Details	
Directives: • LVD (2006/95/EC) - EMC directive (2004/108/EC) Standards: • IEC 60825-1; IEC 320 C8; IEC 60950-1; S20.20:2007; BS EN 61340-5-1:2007; EN5 CISPR 11; CISPR22-B; UL 1950	21 CFR 1040; ANSI/ESD 5022-B; EN61000-4-2, 4-5;
Supplementary Information	
The appliance fulfils the relevant requirements of th directive according to our technical documentation To	e EMC-directive and the LVD- CD-Transceiver.
Declaration	
I hereby declare under our sole responsibility that the product(s) mentioned above to which this declaration relates complies with the above mentioned standards and Directives	Name Issued Date Dr.ir. F.G. de Beer / Technical Director 13 / 07 / 2015
Riscure B.V. Frontier Building Delftechpark 49 2628 XJ Delft	Signature of representative

The Netherlands

Tel.nr.: +31 (0) 15 251 4090